

THE HARTFORD HERALD.

Subscription \$1 Per Year, in Advance.

"I Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

42d YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1916.

NO. 30

CHAUTAUQUA FOR HARTFORD COMING

Date Has Been Set For August 7, 8 and 9.

SPLENDID PROGRAM ARRANGED

And the Public Will Be Afforded Fine Series Of Entertainments.

WORTHY GENEROUS PATRONAGE

The people of this community should rejoice in the fact that this summer we are to have a Chautauqua of our own. Many of our citizens have during previous summers attended Chautauquas in the larger cities nearby and they are very enthusiastic over the realization that this year they can enjoy the same kind of a program without going away from home.

The local committee which was instrumental in bringing the Chautauqua to Hartford this year assures us that the program will be of the same high character as that provided for the larger Chautauquas, the only difference being in the length of the program.

The movement was started some time ago when a representative of the Welfare Chautauqua visited our town and presented the proposition to a number of our public spirited citizens. The opportunity presented for affording the people of our community a chance to enjoy the splendid lectures and musical entertainment was one that could not be overlooked and our business and professional men were practically unanimous in deciding at once to put Hartford on the map with other enterprising towns that provide wholesome and inspiring entertainment of this kind for their citizens.

All arrangements have been made to assure the event being a success in every way and every man, woman and child in the community should give the movement the support it deserves by taking it to friends, buying a season ticket and attending all of the six sessions.

The following local committees have been organized to carry out the details of the management: Chairman of Committee in General Charge, James H. Williams; Treasurer, J. C. Her; Secretary, C. O. Hunter; Committee on Grounds, Marvin Bean; Committee on Publicity, W. H. Barnes; Committee on Ticket Selling, E. G. Barras.

The Chautauqua will be held in a large tent furnished by the Chautauqua management, which will be situated in the lot just in the rear of Dr. E. W. Ford's office, Main street, Hartford. The platform, seats and piano will be provided by our local committees.

The program itself is a most interesting one. Space will not permit giving details regarding it in this issue, but it can be stated in a general way that there will be six inspirational and instructive lectures supplemented by six musical concerts and other entertainment of the highest order.

The program and other advertising material has been received by the Committee on Publicity and the posters, banners, etc., are now being put up in conspicuous places.

Buy a season ticket! Be a "booster"—not a "knocker"—and show your public spirit by doing everything in your power to make this the one big event of the year in this community.

ASKS FOOD CARRIAGE FOR STARVING POLAND

Washington, July 22.—Personal messages were sent by President Wilson to-day to European rulers urging their co-operation in getting food supplies from the United States to the starving people of Poland.

Efforts in the same direction directed through the State department to the foreign offices of the countries involved have met with failure. The President desires that France, Great Britain and Russia allow the passage of the foodstuffs, and that Germany and Austria-Hungary guarantee that the food will be given to the civilian population, and not seized by the armies of occupation.

The messages, which are identi-

cal, are addressed to the king of England, the president of France, the emperor of Russia, the emperor of Germany and the emperor of Austria-Hungary.

It is understood that no definite plan is suggested, though the President intimates that the United States would be glad to foster such a relief organization in Poland as has been maintained with such success in Belgium.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY DEAD AT THE AGE OF 63

Indianapolis, Ind., July 22.—James Riley died to-night. While his death was unexpected the famous poet has been in ill health for some time.

His death was due to paralysis. He suffered a violent stroke this morning and members of the household were greatly alarmed, but the poet seemed to improve later in the day. Information was given to the public that the poet's life was in no danger, but within a few hours he was dead.

Born at Greenfield, Ind., in 1853, Mr. Riley was sixty-three years old at the time of his death.

Publications of books of poems year after year brought Riley a fortune and wide recognition of literary genius.

In July 1911, the poet presented to the city of Indianapolis property valued at \$75,000 for a site for a public library and school administration building.

Mr. Riley never married but he was a lover of children, whose spirit he interpreted so intimately, and of family life. Many of the last years of his life he spent quietly at his home in a secluded section of Indianapolis.

MILLIONAIRE'S SON ON BIRTH-CONTROL CHARGE

Boston, Mass., July 22.—Van Kleech Allison, formerly a Columbia University student, was sentenced to three years in jail here to-day by Judge Murray, of the Municipal Court, on a charge of distributing birth-control pamphlets. Allison's adherents were thunderstruck when the sentence was announced. He is the son of a New York millionaire.

District Attorney Pelletier himself handled the prosecution, an almost unheard-of thing for the Municipal Court, and it was expected, even by Allison, that Judge Murray would find him guilty on the charge on which he was arraigned, that of distributing obscene literature. Allison, the Fabians and the society women who favored his cause, were shocked by the sentence.

Girls from a chocolate factory said that Allison had given birth-control pamphlets to them. He denied their statements, but admitted discussing birth-control with some married women, and giving a pamphlet to a policeman who told him a pathetic story.

Pelletier said that the birth control pamphlets were "rotten through and through."

THE PROHIBITIONISTS NAME NATIONAL TICKET

St. Paul, July 21.—The Prohibition National Convention, which has been in session here since Wednesday morning, adjourned sine die at 3:30 to-day after nominating J. Frank Hanly, former Governor of Indiana, as candidate for President of the United States, and Dr. Ira D. Landrith, of Nashville, Tenn., candidate for Vice President. Dr. Landrith's nomination was made unanimous after the other Vice Presidential candidates had withdrawn.

Mr. Hanly's nomination came on

the first ballot and followed a number of hurried conferences between advocates of the candidacy of William Sulzer, former Governor of New York, and several brief demonstrations in the latter's behalf,

which, however, were offset by the outbursts of enthusiasm that followed every mention of Mr. Hanly's name.

FORTY KILLED BY STORM.

Mexico City, July 22.—Forty persons, including a number of soldiers and women, were killed during a very severe lightning and rainstorm in the suburbs of Mexico City Thursday. Most of the deaths occurred at San Gregorio, Atlapulco and near Xochimilco.

The excursion steamer Keyport,

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It isn't every man who can rise

in the world and keep his balance,

but the man who can do it is a

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Mr. W. G. Duncan's Catch While In Florida.



Caught by Mr. W. G. Duncan, of Greenville, Ky., while on a fishing trip at Boca Grande Pass, Florida. This catch was made on the 12th of June, 1916, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 12 o'clock, noon. He landed 24 during his short stay there.

HETTY GREEN, THE WOMAN FINANCIER

Fought Men From New England To Texas.

POSSESSED UNUSUAL ABILITY

The Game Of Getting Even With a Chicago Judge and a Relative.

JUST A POOR, LONE WOMAN

(Boston News Bureau.)

Hetty Green did not die the richest woman in the world, as alleged in some newspapers. For many years she had not been in good health and had not husbanded her properties. She was born under influences which made her a man-misser. She wore men's high top boots and had more financial sense in them than most men. She was truly feminine at heart, but veiled her femininity with faded garments and frayed cloak, under which she schemed and fought both as man and woman. She was New England born and often sought advice in Boston. The advice she wanted was not financial, for like all true financiers, Hetty Green listened and acted and never sought the guidance of anybody in financial affairs. The advice she wanted was usually how she could whip somebody and then how she could whip her lawyers, for she was averse to anybody naming the figure which she should pay for any service.

She fought from New England through New York, Chicago and St. Louis to Texas. When somebody wanted to get away with a railroad in Texas, they found Hetty Green on the spot. She redeemed the road, set it going and won the cheers of the Texans.

When she felt that an unrighteous decision had been rendered against her in Chicago she bided her time. Then, when money was ungettable in Wall street, Hetty Green had it to loan. When the Clearing-house Committee appealed to her she remarked, with a nonchalant air, that she was just a poor lone woman and did not know much about investments, but did the Clearing-house hold for the banks any demand loans of railroads terminating in Chicago? They replied that they had such paper by the million. Hetty Green in an innocent kind of way passed over her millions and scanned the paper that she had invested in at a very reasonable rate of discount. The Wall-street bankers were happy and so was Hetty.

Those who knew her can imagine the delight which she took in penning a few notes to those Chicago roads in a dainty feminine hand, announcing that she held their demand loans and would they kindly come along with the cash?

The telephones and the telegraphs rattled busily; the Clearing-house Committee was berated and the chairman of the committee attempted explanation. He called up Mrs. Green and she responded in her sweetest tone, "Just send those Chicago boys up to see me and perhaps my bite is not so bad as my bark."

Up to Mrs. Green's they went, an humble lot of Chicago railroad men. But Hetty was more humble than they. She said she was only one lone female in the world with no man to help her and that the railroads owned Chicago and could alone secure justice. She of course, could not.

She said she was not all particular about the money; in fact, did he is worth.

not have any use for it, but would like a little co-operation for the ends of justice.

The railroad managers were very agreeable to a partnership if they did not have to pay those loans. She asked their opinion of a certain judge, and her partners thereupon determined that he was not much of a judge after all, and Hetty coolly said: "Well, you put him on the bench and you can take him off or you can pay your loans to me."

They piled a banquet board in Chicago high with fruits and wines, dined the judge and nominated him for a higher office while he resigned the lower one. And then Hetty said, in privately telling the tale, "They left him to elect himself; the last I heard of him he was drinking himself to death."

Hetty Green fought her relative, W. W. Crapo, of New England, for many years. Money she was to inherit he invested in Kansas railroad bonds that declined to 10 cents on the dollar, and she sued him to make good.

Suspicion was a large part of her nature. When engaged in this litigation in New Bedford she would not trust a living soul even to cook her food. She bought apples at the corner grocery, selected her own eggs, cooked them herself and, absolutely independent, defied the world and all antagonists.

"So my foolish old trustee, Mr. Crapo, wants to be Governor of Massachusetts, does he?" said Hetty Green—and she looked over the political field as no other woman had ever looked over it before. Then engineers and a gang of workmen began building a dam across a big New England river while the political war bosses in Massachusetts were sparring for position. "Here, what do you mean, Mrs. Green?" said a New England multi-millionaire who had his paper mills below the river. "Are you going to build a factory?"

"Not at present," said Mrs. Green. "I am just building a dam and it will take some time to float water behind that dam."

"I guess it will," said the large manufacturer. "Why, Mrs. Green, do you know that if you build that dam and hold back that water, my mills must be idle all summer? I will buy your dam and your water rights."

"No," said Hetty, "I must hold my water rights; you hold my political rights. I cannot vote; but you men can make the politics in the Republican party of Massachusetts. You are planning to nominate W. W. Crapo for Governor and a nomination is equivalent to an election."

"Well, what of that?" said the manufacturer.

"Only this, that you are the one man in Massachusetts that can prevent it, and if you don't your paper mills will dry up this summer at least. I am only a poor lone woman with no political voice, but I know my relative is no proper business man."

The bargain was quickly struck. The dam was never finished, and W. W. Crapo was never Governor of Massachusetts.

Silent But Eloquent.

Otto H. Kahn, who has given his beautiful estate in England as a home for blind soldiers, was talking about the horrors of war.

"The other day," he said, "two men on a Hoboken pier saw a huge cargo of wooden legs being loaded on a steamer for shipment to Europe.

"Those wooden legs," said the first man, "are a mighty eloquent argument against war, are they not?"

"Yes," the other man agreed; "they are what you might call stump speeches."

When a fellow tells a girl he loves her for all he is worth, she naturally wants to know how much he is worth.

Elks Great Daviess County Fair

August 15-19, 1916 - Owensboro, Ky.

5 Big Days - - 5 Big Days

\$7,500

Here it is, come and get it. Given away in premiums on Horse Shows, Races, Mules, Cattle and Hogs.

H. C. NEWSOM, Sec'y.

\$400 Saddle Stake.
\$300 Combined Stake.
\$100 For Each Dash.
\$250 One Mile Derby.
\$100 Automobile Parade.

ENDLESS MYSTERY OF WILKES BOOTH

The Noted Assassin Of President Lincoln.

MANY STORIES ARE RELATED

As To His Identification—No body Knows Where His Bones Lie Buried.

WHEREABOUTS CHANGEABLE

"The body buried in Greenmount was not that of Booth," declared Basil Moxley, a pall-bearer at the alleged funeral of Lincoln's assassin in Baltimore.

"I do not believe that Booth was ever killed in that barn," added Moxley, who for nearly a half century had been doorkeeper in Baltimore at the Holliday Street Theater and at Ford's Opera House. He was a trusted friend of the Booth family and a cyclopedia of information concerning the stage folk of his time. Many men have shared Moxley's doubt as to the most commonly accepted version of the capture, shooting and burial of Lincoln's assassin. According to that version the demented actor, after shooting the President, and after breaking his leg while making his escape, took refuge in Garrett's tobacco barn, near Bowling Green, Va. The barn was surrounded by 28 veterans of the Sixteenth New York Cavalry, who, fearing to go in and capture one defiant man, set the building on fire and then shot Booth as he appeared to take aim at his pursuers.

The commonly accepted story of what next happened relates that Booth's body was sewed up in a saddle blanket and carried aboard the monitor Montauk, where it was laid in the carpenter's bunk of the turret. After an autopsy in Washington, it was placed in a pine gun-box and secretly buried beneath the floor of a cell in the old Washington Penitentiary. After nearly four years had elapsed the great actor, Edwin Booth, persuaded President Andrew Jackson to allow the pine box to be removed to Baltimore for secret burial in Greenmount Cemetery.

Since the black tragedy of '65 there have been advanced more than 50 theories to the effect that Wilkes Booth escaped to enjoy, or, at least, experience, life for a considerable time after his corpse was believed to have molded in the grave. General Eckert, who was Assistant Secretary of War when Lincoln was assassinated and who later became President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was once quoted as having confessed to his nurse, on his deathbed, that with three other men he had taken the body of Booth out on Delaware Bay and thrown it into the water. A secret service man assigned to the assassination was quoted as stating that the identification of the corpse supposed to have been Booth's was never satisfactorily made. Such doubts and contradictions reiterated by men closely concerned in the search for the assassin led to the suspicion that greed for the \$75,000 reward offered for Booth by the Government resulted in the shooting of another man.

A few years ago Laura Ida Booth (Mrs. L. A. Howard), an actress, who has claimed to be the daughter of Wilkes Booth, announced that her father lived until 1903, when his long-troubled conscience led him to commit suicide at Enid, Okla. A Memphis attorney, Fred L. Bates, who knew the Enid suicide and who believes him to have been Lincoln's assassin, has published a book in support of the theory. Some years ago Mr. Bates appealed to the National House of Representatives to definitely determine the identity of the embalmed corpse of the suicide.

which for four years had been kept by an Enid undertaker. In his communication to Congress Mr. Bates stated:

"I knew Booth as John D. Heley while living in 1872, and was associated with him as my client until the fall of 1907, when we separated in Western Texas, he going to Leadville, Colo., and I returning to Memphis. Booth left with me a small tintype for his future identification. This picture was taken some 12 years after the assassination of Lincoln, and has been identified by Junius Brutus Booth, eldest nephew of John Wilkes Booth, as being the picture of his uncle. It has also been identified by the famous actor, the late Joseph Jefferson, and many others."

About a score of years ago one Christopher C. Ritter, while lying very low in a hospital at Anderson, Ind., is alleged to have unb burdened his conscience by confessing that after having been initiated into the Knights of the Golden Circle by Booth, he had been pressed to take part in a kidnaping of President Lincoln, but that before the plan was carried out, Booth killed the President. Accompanying the assassin to Philadelphia, Ritter claimed that he sailed with him for South America, where Booth became "Enos," the famous actor of Latin America.

According to another story, one which has gained the most credence, Booth became an Episcopal clergyman and settled in a Georgia town, where he was visited by his brother, Edwin Booth. He continued to limp until death, and failed also to disguise his love for liquor and his imperious temper. Another story has it that the assassin spent the later days of his life under the name of David E. George, and that he married a Kentucky widow; their child, a daughter, winning success upon the stage.

In New Orleans, Louisville, Denver, Albuquerque, San Francisco and Montreal the man who shot Lincoln has been "located" in recent years. Improbable as the many theories as to his escape may seem, and after all of them have been sifted out and discarded, Wilkes Booth has nevertheless bequeathed to the world a mystery that has never been solved.

Where lie the bones of the man shot in the Garrett barn, whose body was brought to Washington and dissected?

No one knows.

It is generally believed that the mound alleged to mark the assassin's grave in Greenmount Cemetery, Baltimore, covers no human remains. For fear of vandalism the Booth family very wisely hid the corpse.

A skeptic is a man who won't believe his own conscience.

A TWICE-TOLD TALE

One Of Interest To Our Readers.

Good news bears repeating, and when it is confirmed after a long lapse of time, even if we hesitate to believe it at first hearing, we feel secure in accepting its truth now. The following experience of a Madisonville man is confirmed after four years.

H. T. Howard, Madisonville, Ky., says: "I was annoyed by attacks of lame back and pains across my loins for fully two years. I was certain that there was something the matter with my kidneys and I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They were the first medicine that gave me relief."

Results That Remain.

Over four years later Mr. Howard said: "I haven't had occasion to use a kidney medicine in five years and I gladly confirm my former endorsement."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Howard has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

BIG LINE SPORT SHIRTS

50c, \$1.00 and
\$1.50.

Come in and see what big values.

HUB CLOTHING CO.
HARTFORD, KY.

BIG VALUES IN Gents' Clothing!

We are closing out our Spring Clothing. Are giving big values in Men's Suits, Shirts, Ties, Hats and Shoes. Come and see us.

DUNDEE MERCANTILE CO.,
Incorporated

DUNDEE, KY.

American Wire Fence

Below actual wholesale price, 'till August 31st, or as long as our present stock lasts. Write for price list at once. You might be too late.

Fordsville Planing Mill Co.
(INCORPORATED)

JAKE WILSON, Mgr.

FORDSVILLE, KY.

HUGHES' CHILL TONIC (PALATABLE)

Better than calomel and quinine. (Contains no arsenic.) The old reliable. Excellent general tonic as well as a remedy for chills and fevers, malarial fevers, swamp fevers and bilious fevers. Just what you need at this season. Mild laxative, nervous sedative, splendid tonic. Guaranteed. Try it. Don't take any substitute. At druggists, 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Prepared by ROBINSON - PETTET COMPANY,
INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Hartford Herald---Only \$1 Per Year

**PROCLAMATION REGARDING
INFANTILE PARALYSIS**

Board Of Health Orders Kentucky Towns to Clean Their Premises.

Bowling Green, Ky., July 13, 1916.
Whereas, Infantile paralysis, essentially a disease of cities and towns and of childhood, though sometimes occurring in country districts and in adults, exists in a severe epidemic form in New York and has already spread to other sections, eight positive or suspicious cases having been reported in this State within the last twenty-four hours, the disease having an average death rate of about 25 per cent, and a large portion of those surviving being more or less completely paralyzed, and,

Whereas, everywhere the tendency of the disease is to break over official control and spread, especially in the presence of filth and flies in and about the homes, yards, alleys and streets, unless every case is rigidly isolated and all discharges from the throat, nose and bowels are promptly burned or disinfected until complete recovery, and the assembling of children is prevented in really infected districts, now, therefore,

Be it known, that the State Board of Health, in the exercise of authority vested in it by law, and in the discharge of a public duty, hereby urges and directs that the health and civil authorities of every city and town in Kentucky take immediate steps to clean all alleys, streets, tenements, public places and vacant lots and, by rigid and systematic inspection, to require the cleaning and liming of all back yards, cellars and premises, and the thorough screening of homes; although in the presence of this emergency no good citizen should wait for the law to force him to an evident duty for the protection of his family and community. In the existing emergency, visits of children under fifteen years of age from infected or suspected cities should be discouraged, and, when permitted, the names and addresses of all such children should be recorded in the health office.

Upon the occurrence of a suspicious case it should be immediately reported to the health officer, and, without fear or favor, so rigidly isolated that no one can enter the room except the nurse and physician, and the house placarded, or preferably the case sent to the hospital, and all discharges burned or disinfected as in a case of diphtheria and scarlet fever. All of this should be most thoroughly done or it will do harm by giving a false sense of security. In the event of the disease in any city or town, except it be an imported case which can be cared for as above indicated, the local authorities are asked to consider the advisability of restricting the assembling and travel of children in places of amusement, schools, on street cars and trains and, so far as practicable, on the streets. All health officers are required by law to report this disease to this Board, and they are hereby requested to do so by wire at its expense. A bulletin containing more complete information on this subject will be mailed free to any address upon application.

J. G. SOUTH, M. D., Pres.
J. N. McCORMACK, M. D.,
Acting Secretary.

A Hacking Cough Weakens the System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar balsam the irritated air passages—soothes the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.—Advertisement.

**RUNS HER LAWN MOWER—
WEDS HER WITHEIN WEEK**

Hartford City, Ind., July 20.—Mrs. Nancy Hamilton, age sixty-six, and Enoch Newton, age sixty, were married after a courtship of a week.

The bridegroom is employed at the Wayne paper mill, and to and from his work passed the Hamilton home. One evening he noticed Mrs. Hamilton running the lawn mower. "That's pretty hard work for a lady, isn't it?" Newton inquired. "Let me do it for you," he said, as he laid off his coat and mowed the lawn. And from this unusual introduction sprang a courtship that culminated in a proposal and marriage.

FOR SALE—A 1½ h. p. gasoline engine. Practically as good as new. Will sell at a bargain.

F. L. FELIX,
Hartford, Ky.

17ff

Breckinridge County Fair, Races and Home Coming,

July 25, 26, 27 and 28, 1916.

Reorganized on a broad basis to promote Agricultural and Live Stock interests of the section. Plenty of Running, Trotting and Pacing Races, Fine stock Show Rings, great Floral Hall Display. Liberal premiums on Sheep, Hogs and Cattle. Everything clean and wholesome. No gambling devices, immoral shows or intoxicants tolerated. Eight big Free Attractions on elevated stage in front of Grand Stand. Something going on all the time—no tiresome waits.

Wednesday, Louisville Day and Derby Day. Program so balanced that every day is a big day. Big Automobile race first day.

First day—Free—School Children's and Old People's day. Plenty of good Ice Water Free to all, and all the time in charge of courteous attendants. Excursion rates on railroads. All trains stop at fair ground gates. Send for Premium List.

C. C. GIVENS, General Manager.

J. P. O'REILLEY, Secretary.

VITAL STATISTICS—STATE AND COUNTY.

In the following report from the State Board of Health of Kentucky it will be noticed that the deaths from preventable diseases are responsible for nearly half of the total number of deaths, and if the knowledge concerning the prevention of these diseases were practically applied, these citizens of the county could be saved and the large amount of money uselessly paid to physicians, druggists and nurses, and that for the time lost from work during illness, could be saved by the proper kind of prevention measures.

It will be noted that Ohio county has to its credit 796 births for January, February, March and April, and the total number of deaths has been 38, 25, 37 and 25 for each of the four months.

It may be possible that some child has escaped registration by the at-

tending physician. This is becoming more and more important to prove the age of a child and its rights under inheritance laws and to protect its personal and social rights. For example, only a very few people in the State of Kentucky can prove by any sort of official record who their ancestors were a few generations back, and there would be considerable difficulty to prove whether they were white or black so far as any official record of it has been made. If any citizen desires to know whether or not the birth certificate of his child has been registered in the State office for permanent preservation, an inquiry directed to the State Registrar, Bowling Green, Ky., will show whether or not a physician or any one else responsible under the law has been negligent in protecting the rights of such child.

County Of Ohio—1916.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mch.	Apr.
All deaths	38	25	37	25
Age one year and under.....	4	4	5	5
Age 1 to 5 years.....	2	2	2	1
Age 65 years and over.....	15	6	16	6
Tuberculosis of lungs.....	1	4	7	4
Other tuberculosis.....	..	..	1	2
Pneumonia—broncho-pneumonia.....	8	5	7	6
Whooping cough.....	..	..	..	..
Diphtheria—croup.....	..	2	1	..
Meningitis other than tubercular.....	1	..	..	..
Scarlet fever.....	..	..	..	..
Measles.....	..	..	..	1
Typhoid fever.....	3	..	..	..
Diarrhoea and enteritis (under 2 years).....	1	..	..	..
Dysentery and diarrhoea (over 2 years).....	1	..	..	1
Hookworm disease.....	..	..	..	..
Influenza.....	9	2	2	..
Cancer.....	1	..	..	1
Puerperal septicemia.....	..	..	..	..
Violence.....	1	1	3	3
Pellagra.....	..	..	..	..
Smallpox.....	..	..	..	..
Preventable diseases.....	24	14	15	15
Preventable diseases (under 65 years).....	16	13	12	2
Total births by months.....	60	49	49	38
Total births, 196—deaths, 125.				

State Of Kentucky—1916.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mch.	Apr.
All deaths	3408	2647	2692	2241
Age one year and over.....	453	446	424	377
Age 1 to 5 years.....	248	157	143	122
Age 65 years and over.....	1166	801	777	642
Tuberculosis of lungs.....	361	379	391	350
Other tuberculosis.....	38	42	38	65
Pneumonia—broncho-pneumonia.....	639	362	254	235
Whooping cough.....	18	22	17	21
Diphtheria—croup.....	53	31	18	12
Meningitis other than tubercular.....	46	24	41	37
Scarlet fever.....	4	2	2	1
Measles.....	6	9	12	17
Typhoid fever.....	33	35	32	28
Diarrhoea and enteritis (under 2 years).....	30	28	22	33
Dysentery and diarrhoea (over 2 years).....	18	12	13	13
Hookworm disease.....	2	1	..	..
Influenza.....	451	191	136	52
Cancer.....	100	80	82	84
Puerperal septicemia.....	18	23	16	18
Violence.....	111	117	133	108
Pellagra.....	7	6	5	6
Smallpox.....	..	..	..	..
Preventable diseases.....	1715	1159	1109	883
Preventable diseases (under 65 years).....	1170	887	868	741
Total births by months.....	5468	5112	5351	4082
Total births, 20,013—deaths, 10,988.				

GAIN OF 3,242 SHOWN IN SCHOOL POPULATION

For Kentucky For Year 1916

Total Between Ages Of 6
and 20 Is 743,487.

Frankfort, Ky., July 20.—A total gain of 2,410 in the scholastic population of Kentucky is shown by the census of 1916, the 1915 census of Louisville included. The white scholastic population increased, according to the census, 3,242, while the colored population decreased. The rural and graded schools outside of cities gained 2,045, the whites increasing 3,269 and the colored losing 1,224. The opposite was true in cities. Louisville not included, no census being taken there this year, and the white scholastic population of the independent cities dropped 27, while the colored census increased 265.

The total population for 1916 of McCrary, Mercer, Metcalfe, Monroe, F. L. FELIX,
Hartford, Ky.

children between the ages of 6 and 20 is 743,487, of whom 667,002 are white and 76,485 colored, 112,841 white and 26,323 being in cities, and 554,161 white and 50,162 colored being in rural districts.

It is significant fact that the census for 1909 exceeded the census for 1916 by 421, indicating, State Superintendent Gilbert said, not a reduction in population, but greater accuracy in the enumeration and scrutinizing care in supervising them.

The cities of Ashland, Bowling Green, Covington, Cynthiana, Georgetown, Henderson, Hopkinsville, Lebanon, Ludlow, Mayfield, Middlesboro, Owensboro, Paducah, Pineville and Richmond, and the counties of Anderson, Bell, Bourbon, Boyd, Bracken, Breathitt, Bullitt, Butler, Campbell, Carroll, Carter, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Crittenden, Cumberland, Edmonson, Floyd, Franklin, Fulton, Garrard, Grayson, Hardin, Harlan, Harrison, Henry, Jackson, Jefferson, Jessamine, Knott, Knox, Letcher, Logan, Lyon, Magoffin, Marshall, Mason, McCracken, McCreary, Mercer, Metcalfe, Monroe, Perry, Pike, Rowan, Simpson, Trimble, Warren, Washington, Wayne and Whitley show gains. The others show small losses.

Muhlenberg, Nicholas, Ohio, Pendleton, Perry, Pike, Powell, Rowan, Simpson, Trimble, Warren, Washington, Wayne and Whitley show gains. The others show small losses.

The biggest gains were in the mountain coal fields. Letcher leads, both in the total increase and percentage, increasing 749 in a total scholastic population of 6,571. Harlan comes next with a gain of 665 in a total scholastic population of 6,967.

Jefferson county has 11,199 school children, an increase of 326.

Lexington has more colored than white children, according to the return, which shows 5,108 white and 5,126 colored. Hopkinsville has 1,463 white and 1,459 colored.

Public Buildings For State.

Washington, July 20.—Revised figures from House public building bill to be reported soon show for Kentucky:

Shelbyville, increase, \$15,000; Barbourville, building and site, \$25,000; Madisonville, building, \$40,000; Eminence, building, \$30,000; Stanford, site, \$5,000; Russellville, site, \$5,000; Central City, building, \$35,000; Pikeville, building, \$35,000; Falmouth, building and site, \$35,000; Campbellsburg, site, \$5,000; Pineville, site, \$5,000; Hazard, building and site, \$40,000; Murray, building, \$25,000; Hickman, site, \$5,000.

The Pineville and Hazard items include mine rescue station buildings, included on urgent request of Mr. Langley.

Should Sloan's Liniment Go Along?

Of course it should! For after a strenuous day when your muscles have been exercised to the limit an application of Sloan's Liniment will take the soreness and stiffness away and get you in fine shape for the morrow. You should also use it for a sudden attack of toothache, stiff neck, backache, stings, bites and the many accidents that are incidental to a vacation. "We would as soon leave our baggage as go on a vacation or camp out without Sloan's Liniment." Writes one vacationist: "We use it for everything from cramps to toothache." Put a bottle in your bag, be prepared and have no regrets.—Advertisement.

The Bright Side.

The pessimist was suffering from rheumatism.

"Every bone in my body aches," he complained.

"You ought to be glad you are not a herring," said the optimist.

FUQUA & COMPANY, GARAGE

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Home Phone 12.

Auto Repairing.

Tires and Accessories

Oils, Gasoline,

Vulcanizing,

NEW CARS, FORD SUPPLIES,

We get Supplies for all cars on short notice.

When in Beaver Dam look us up.

We are open day and night.

Service Station,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Hartford • Herald

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub and Prop'r.

Entered at Hartford, Ky., postoffice
as mail matter of the second class.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—Woodrow Wilson.
For Vice Pres't.—T. R. Marshall.
For Congress—Hon. Ben Johnson.

In his address before the Daughters of the American Revolution, early in May, President Wilson first enunciated the slogan "America First." It was adopted by Col. Roosevelt a week later and by Mr. Hughes about a month later. Since then, however, the term has entered a modified symbolism in the term "Americanism," which is a mere synonym of the first expression. It might be said in passing that there is no loyal American who does not believe in Americanism in all that the word implies, Mr. Hughes to the contrary notwithstanding.

Progressives throughout Kentucky and the Nation are rising up in their indignation and protesting against the plan of Col. Roosevelt and his few followers to pick them up body, soul and britches, and throw them over into the Republican party. They contend that they are standing for a principle and say they will still stand, regardless of their attempted betrayal and sell-out for personal ends. If the Progressive party was worth formation, it is worth standing for its rights, regardless of the attempts of some of its erstwhile leaders to abolish it.

It is said that the picture of Candidate Charles E. Hughes will be filmed and shown on the screen in thousands of motion picture houses in this country during the Presidential campaign. Perhaps unconsciously but nevertheless truly is Mr. Hughes aping the notoriety tactics of Col. Roosevelt. Teddy, during the strenuous days of his campaign activities, never missed an opportunity to have his picture taken. He was always ready for the camera men. Just what effect these pictures have on the public is problematical. But sometimes people get tired of looking at the same thing.

In these days of heightened prosperity a money panic is seldom thought of, but nevertheless these have been occurrences of the past in a very pronounced form. There have been three panics since 1873. They were as follows: In 1893, Grover Cleveland, President; in 1897, William McKinley, President; in 1907, Theodore Roosevelt, President. Grant was President in 1876. Since the recent enactment of the Federal Reserve Act, under a Democratic President, there is no probability and hardly a possibility of the occurrence of a financial panic in this country under any circumstances.

Never before in the history of this country has so much been accomplished in so short a length of time as has been done by the present national administration. Democracy has kept the faith and done even more than it promised, in the interest of the whole people. The Federal Reserve Act, which precludes the possibility of another financial panic; the Underwood Tariff Bill, which is the most equitable and satisfactory ever adopted, even under trying war conditions, are two worthy measures among a number, due to Democratic foresight and action. The country is prosperous and is destined to remain so under its present management.

In our write-up of the Kentucky Press Association meeting at Ashland last week we omitted a very important statement in that the press folks would probably not have had the opportunity to visit Ashland had it not been for the repeated and persistent invitations of Miss Margaret Anne Poage, a newspaper woman of the mountain city, who was untiring in her solicitations. Miss Poage is an expert advertising manager and writer, at present connected with the Ashland Independent. She has rare talent in this line and is also quick to see advantages. The newspaper folks of the State owe her a depth of gratitude for her invitation of the visit to Ashland.

The eyes of the Nation are on Kentucky this year. The Democrats of other States are expecting us to give Wilson and Marshall a rousing majority. This should and no doubt will be done, but it is no easy matter to confront. To show just how close Kentucky is, it might be interesting to display the figures of 1912 and 1915. In the last Presidential election the Democratic vote was 219,584. For the Republican Electors were cast 115,512 votes total.

and for the Progressive Electors 162,766, making a total of 218,278, or only 1,306 less than the Democratic vote. In that year the Socialist vote was 11,647, the Prohibition vote 3,233 and the Socialist-Labor vote, 956. In the race for Governor last fall the Democrats cast 219,991 votes, and yet Stanley was elected by a majority of only 471. Taking these facts into consideration, it behooves the Democrats to get busy—very busy—if the Democratic ticket is to be given a handsome majority.

At almost every meeting of the Kentucky Press Association it is evident that a considerable number of Kentucky newspaper men do not attend its sessions regularly nor are their papers included in the membership of the Association. This is not as it should be. Every newspaper in Kentucky ought to be a member of the K. P. A. and all editors should attend its sessions if at all possible. The program should be arranged so as to include nothing but matters pertaining to the newspaper business—the more "round tables" the better. The sessions should be devoted exclusively to newspaper propaganda in all its branches.

Concerning the killing of Town Marshal Keach at Dawson Springs, an account of which appears on the 6th page of The Herald to-day, the Dawson Tribune says:

"The killing of Marshal Keach is nothing but a bold frame-up from start to finish by a low-down gang of assassins and law-breakers, whose hatred and enmity the Chief had incurred by being a brave, fearless officer who did his full duty, thereby making it very warm for the outlaw clan. Every decent and law-abiding citizen of this city knows exactly, or believes, that the killing of Mr. Keach is the result of a premeditated and diabolical conspiracy, which makes the blackest chapter in the entire city's history, and one that the good people should exercise every precaution to vindicate."

This is just another dark chapter, many times written in the history of communities where blind tigers and other lawbreakers are allowed to get a foothold. They serve as warnings to suppress the law violators before tragedies occur.

EXPLAINS ROOSEVELT'S TERM "WEASEL WORDS"

Editors Herald, Hartford, Ky., Sirs:—Referring to a recent use in your paper of the term "weasel words," which Col. Roosevelt brought into general notice in his speech last May, in St. Louis, I would call your attention to the origin of the words, sixteen years ago.

In the June, 1900, number of the Century Magazine, page 304, there appeared a story entitled "The Stained-Glass Political Platform," by Stewart Chaplin. It tells of two young men who constructed, for amusement, a take-off on political platforms. At page 305, is found the following:

"And like most platforms," continued St. John, "it contains plenty of what I call weasel words."

"And what may weasel words be?"

"Why, weasel words are words that suck all the life out of the words next to them, just as a weasel sucks an egg and leaves the shell. If you left the egg afterward it's as light as a feather, and not very filling when you're hungry; but a basketful of them would make quite a show, and would bamboozle the unwary."

"I know them well," said Gamage, "and mighty useful they are, too. Although the old gentleman couldn't write much of a platform, he's an expert on weaseling. I've seen him take his pen, and go through a proposed plank or resolution, and weasel every flat-footed word in it. Then the weasel word pleases one man, and the word that's been weasled pleases another."

This is the origin of the term "weasel words," now so frequently quoted. A. F. WHITEFIELD,
2 Rector Street,
New York City.

July 19, 1916.

PUTS TRUST IN OPINION OF MEN IN THE STREET

You get a good deal more light on the street than you do in the closet. You get a good deal more light by keeping your ears open among the rank and file of your fellow citizens than you do in any private conference whatever. I would rather hear what the men are talking about on the trains and in the shops and by the fireside than hear anything else, because I want and extension of Wesley Bible Class guidance, and I know I could get it work in the two Conferences. All asking is that men should bring me to the organization of the Kentucky Wesley Bible Class Federation, having as its object the improvement work in the two Conferences. All Wesley Bible classes in this country are expected to attend this meeting. The program is of an unusually high order.

The opening session will begin at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, August 8th, and the meeting will close Thursday at noon. It will be a time of

TEDDY DENOUNCED BY A PROGRESSIVE CHIEF

Party "Trussed and Sold," Says County Chairman O'Connell, of New York.

John J. O'Connell, chairman of the New York county committee of the Progressives, which is the largest organization of that party in the United States, has raised the standard of revolt against Col. Roosevelt and the other leaders who are attempting to deliver the party to the Republicans. The New York World of July 9 announces that the county chairmen from all five boroughs of Greater New York are supporting Mr. O'Connell, and that from State and county chairmen all over the country he is receiving letters urging him to lead a fight against the endorsement by the Progressive National Committee of the Hughes nomination.

Writing in the World, under the date named, Mr. O'Connell says:

"If the voters will take the trouble to examine the record they will find that Mr. Wilson has to his credit in the four years of his administration pretty nearly as much progressive legislation as was enacted in the eleven years of the Roosevelt and Taft administrations."

Mr. O'Connell denounces the Progressive platform, which, he says, "was made deliberately to take away the unanswerable argument we have always been able to oppose to every suggestion of amalgamation with the Republicans made since 1912. That argument was that the Republicans had given no indications, either in their platforms or in the public utterances of their leaders, that the leopard had changed his spots."

He says boldly there is no doubt in his mind that "the Progressive party was trussed and sold from the time of the Gary dinner last year." The Progressive leaders, he says, were in honor bound, when Col. Roosevelt refused to run, to place upon the Progressive ticket some member of the Progressive party.

Low Rate Excursion.

Two dollars round trip from Providence, Ky., to Louisville, Ky., via L. & N., Saturday noon, July 29, 1916.

Train leaves Providence, Saturday noon, July 29, 1916, at 12 o'clock sharp; arriving in Louisville 10th and Broadway, Saturday night, July 29, 1916, at 6:30 o'clock.

Returning, train leaves Louisville, 10th and Broadway, Sunday night, July 30, 1916, at 7 o'clock sharp.

Stations. Time. Fare.

Lv. Earlington	11:45 a.m.	\$2.00
Madisonville	12:35 p.m.	2.00
Bremen	1:00 p.m.	2.00
Lyon City	1:05 p.m.	2.00
Moorman	1:09 p.m.	1.75
Centertown	1:25 p.m.	1.75
Hartford	1:45 p.m.	1.50
Sunnydale	2:00 p.m.	1.50
Dundee	2:10 p.m.	1.50
Ar. Elkhorn	2:30 p.m.	
Ar. Louisville	6:30 p.m.	
Lv. Louisville	July 30, 7:00 p.m.	

Soldier Boy Gets Hurt.

A Thursday news item from Ft. Thomas, Ky., says:

Oscar McDaniel, of Horse Branch, member of H Company, Third Regiment, from Hartford, suffered a broken right wrist late this afternoon while boxing with another guardsman. Several hundred guardsmen of the Third Regiment were grouped about the sparring exhibitors when McDaniel, striking at his opponent's head, missed with his gloved fist and struck with his wrist.

He was taken to the Third Regiment sanitary detachment and later removed to the field hospital.

THE METHODIST BIBLE CLASSES TO FEDERATE

The announcement is made that plans have been completed for a great meeting at Kavanaugh Camp Grounds, eighteen miles east of Louisville on the L. & N., of the Wesley Bible Class workers of the Southern Methodist Church in the Louisville and Kentucky Conferences. The object of the meeting is the organization of the Kentucky Wesley Bible Class Federation, having as its object the improvement work in the two Conferences. All Wesley Bible classes in this country are expected to attend this meeting. The program is of an unusually high order.

The opening session will begin at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, August 8th, and the meeting will close Thursday at noon. It will be a time of

wonderful inspiration and help for Bible Class workers.

Every subject included in the program is of vital importance and will be presented by a speaker especially qualified to handle it. There will be times for open discussion of practical problems confronting Bible class workers which will make this meeting one of the most important events in the history of Methodism in Kentucky.

CAPT. DEWESEE LAID OFF BY TEMPORARY ILLNESS

A dispatch dated at Fort Thomas, Ky., last Monday says:

"It was learned this morning medical examiners, Capt. DeWeese, Louisville, commanding H Company, Third Regiment, from Hartford, has been rejected conditionally by the medical examiners. Capt. DeWeese underwent a minor surgical operation recently and has not recovered entirely. He will go to a Cincinnati hospital to-day in an effort to hasten his complete recovery. It is understood he will be accepted as soon as he returns in sound condition."

It was quite generally known when Capt. DeWeese left Hartford with his company a few weeks ago that he was not in robust health and that he had undergone a minor operation. No doubt the work of camp life made him temporarily worse, but a short stay in a hospital will quite certainly bring him around all right. Capt. DeWeese has a host of friends here who wish for him a speedy recovery, as we all know his deep attachment to his company and the army service.

SOME NEW METHODS TO ALLURE CHURCH GOERS

Paducah, Ky., July 24.—To increase the attendance at church the Rev. J. D. Harley, pastor of the Kentucky Avenue Presbyterian church, has installed a phonograph and stereopticon. He said that when Christ gave His parable of the great supper and said, "Compel them to come in," he meant what he said. Mr. Harley said there was need of a plan to attract churchgoers in Paducah as not more than 25 per cent. of the people go to church. On the phonograph the pastor plays Schuman-Heink, also Gluck and Homer and other high-class musical productions. With the stereopticon he illustrates his sermons with colored slides.

BOONE'S "BAR" TREE IS FELLED BY ELEMENTS

The historic beech tree, known as the "Boone Tree," on which Daniel Boone, the famous pioneer American hunter, carved the information that he had killed a bear, has at last yielded to the elements. This tree was blown down by a fierce wind and split in two, so that the historic inscription in its bark, which read, "D. Boone killed bear on tree in year 1760," is severed.

This tree occupied a picturesque position in Washington county, East Tennessee, five miles north-west of the historic old capital town of Jonesboro. The territory referred to was at the time a part of North Carolina, but was later embraced in the short-lived State of Franklin.

It is stated that the John Sevier Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution is now devising plans to preserve that section of the tree bearing the inscription. The land and the tree are properties of Lafayette Isley, a farmer.

Found Himself Dead.

Moblie, Ala., July 24.—C. C. Green, former banker and real estate dealer, of Waynesboro, Miss., back to-day after a mysterious disappearance eighteen months ago, explained that business difficulties prompted him to leave. He returned to find that in his absence a body had been identified and buried as his own and his estate had been administered and settled. He announced his intention of resuming management of his business. Green's explanation was made in a signed statement to a newspaper here. He declined to reveal his residence during the past eighteen months.

This Beats Kansas.

Henderson, Ky., July 24.—Thomas Mason is the owner of a Blue Champion rooster that set and hatched out eleven fine chicks. The male fowl was noticed setting on a nest several weeks ago and Mr. Mason placed a setting of eggs under it. In due course eleven of the eggs hatched and the rooster is mothering the chickens.

High Price For Wheat.

Henderson, Ky., July 24.—The highest price paid for wheat here this season was paid Saturday, when the Ohio Valley Bank, agent for several farmers, sold 3,000 bushels to the Henderson Elevator Company at \$1.27 1/2. Several small crops have sold at \$1.25.

Subscribe for The Herald, \$1 a year.

E. P. Barnes & Bro's.

Great Profit-Sharing

Sale

Has attracted immense throngs of provident buyers. People who know from past experience what this sale means, wait for it. There will be a host of bargains at your disposal clear up to the last minute. You can't be late.

IT CLOSES SATURDAY NIGHT AT 10 O'CLOCK, JULY 29th.

You can't see it all in one visit. Come every day.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

CENTRAL GROVE.

July 24.—Sunday School continues to grow in interest with Mr. M. G. Snell as superintendent.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Rowe, who have been visiting relatives here for the past two weeks, will leave today in their touring car for their home in Kenosha, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Bettie Fulkerson and daughter Miss Lois, of Paducah, are spending a few weeks with Mrs. Fulkerson's mother, Mrs. Amanda Rowe, and other relatives here.

Mr. Spurgeon Maddox and family, of Waco, Texas, visited the family of Mr. J. W. Loney last week.

Mrs. Dr. J. S. Fitzhugh and children, of Island, visited Mr. and Mrs. E. Q. Cooper recently.

Mrs. Ora Maddox, of Beaver Dam, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. L. J. Igleheart, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Stevens and little son John, of Cromwell, are visiting Mrs. Stevens' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Render.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brown and little granddaughter Clarisa Ashby, of West Providence, visited the family of Mr. Lewis Brown Sunday.

Miss Irene Rhoads, of Beaver Dam, spent a few days recently with her aunt, Mrs. W. I. Igleheart.

Miss Lillian Balls, of Centertown, visited Miss Gracie Southard Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Ashby and little daughter Francis Pauline, of Lone Star neighborhood, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hocker, of East Hartford, visited at Mr. B. W. Hocker's Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lyons are improving.

Mr. Robert Duff is on the sick list.

Mr. C. D. Bean, Misses Gladys Foreman and Myrtle E. Canan went to Owensboro and from there on the excursion boat to Rockport, Ind., returning home the same evening, bringing your scribe a fine watermelon.

Mr. Louis Hoover and wife, Friedaland, spent to-day with their son, Mr. E. M. Hoover, and family.

Rev. Ferrel,

Hot Weather Remedy!



A Design for Pongee
McCall Pattern No. 7289, one of the
many new designs for August

We can not regulate the weather, but we can dress so as to make ourselves comfortable. We have the remedy for this right in our store.

Just received a large shipment of sheer THIN material, the right kind to make you feel good this sizzling hot weather.

They come in plain, white and fancy Organdies, Awning Stripe Voiles, Seed Voiles, plain Swisses and fancy Swiss, Splash Voiles, Black Cloth, Middy Cloth, and many other late wash fabrics. The prices are in reach of everybody. When you are sweltering, remember the remedy is found right in our store.

McCall patterns carried in stock, and painstaking salespeople to give you any information you may desire.

Come to see us, and remember that

IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

Fair & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE

No. 113 due at Ellmitch	8:32 p.m.
No. 110 due at Ellmitch	7:30 a.m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellmitch ..	3:40 p.m.
Ar. Irvington..	5:35 p.m.
Lv. Irvington..	5:56 p.m.
Ar. Louisville..	7:49 p.m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville..	8:35 a.m.
Ar. Irvington..	10:06 a.m.
Lv. Irvington..	10:40 a.m.
Ar. Ellmitch ..	1:04 p.m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE

South Bound, No. 115—	
Due at Hartford	8:45 a.m.
North Bound, No. 114—	
Due at Hartford	5:55 p.m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)	

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

See Acton Bros. for Binder Twine.

"There's a Photographer" in Hartford.

SCHROETER.

Mr. Oscar Haynes, Owensboro, was in Hartford Wednesday.

Miss Etta Holder, city, is visiting Mrs. F. L. Compton, Whiteside, Ky.

Miss Iva Geff, of Centertown, is spending this week with Miss Ora Williams, city.

Mr. J. C. Durrett, Midway, Ky., visited Mr. J. C. Riley, city, a few days last week.

No marriage license have been issued from the Ohio County Clerk's office the past week.

Mr. Orin Wallace, Central City, is the guest of his mother, Mrs. Sam Barnett, Mulberry street.

Mr. W. E. Ellis returned yesterday evening from a two-days business trip to Calhoun, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. Wolter Park, city, have a new girl baby at their house, born last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Rollie Foreman, of Narrows, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Foster Bennett, city.

Deering Mower supplies of all sorts may be procured from W. E. Ellis & Bro. Supplies always on hand.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
2814 The Produce Men.

Supplies always on hand.

Messrs. D. B. Payton, Crofton; T. C. Wallace, Hopkinsville, and Ed Duke, general manager of Dundee Mercantile Co., Dundee, Ky., were among The Herald's callers Wednesday.

THE HARTFORD HERALD

Mrs. E. G. Bryant, of Cairo, Ill., who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Ford, Hartford, Route 4, has returned home.

Dr. J. R. Pirtle, our local dentist, is absent in Louisville, attending the National Association of Dentists. He aims to return Friday at noon.

Messrs. M. V. Johnson, Hartford, Route 3; T. H. Tatum and J. L. Cook, Hartford, Route 2, were among The Herald's callers Monday.

Mrs. T. J. Morton, of Evansville, Ind., who had been visiting Mrs. Ella Morton and Mrs. John G. Keown, city, returned home Saturday.

Mr. S. S. May went to Eastern Kentucky last Wednesday where he has a contract for reservoir construction. He took twenty colored laborers with him.

Miss Elizabeth Smith, who had been visiting Miss Mattye Duke for two weeks, returned to her home at Russellville last Friday. Miss Duke accompanied her home.

See W. H. Parks, Hartford, Ky., for five-year loans on first-clas real estate, in Ohio, Muhlenberg, Daviess, McLean, Butler, Webster and Breckinridge counties.

Mr. Everett Duke, of Owensboro, visited relatives in and near Beaver Dam and Horton from last Saturday until Monday. His mother, Mrs. W. V. Duke, is visiting in the same vicinity.

Rev. S. E. Harlan, pastor of the local Christian church, went to Vandetta, Hopkins county, Ky., Monday to conduct series of meetings for Rev. John P. Tuck. He will be absent about ten days.

Farmers of Ohio county should not forget the meeting at Hartford next Saturday afternoon, to make efforts to market their tobacco here the coming season and avoid hauling it to Owensboro.

Rev. J. Frank Baker, of Sturgis, Ky., formerly junior preacher in charge of the Methodist circuit here, was in Hartford yesterday on his way to Dundee, Ky., to help Rev. Vanhooy in a meeting.

Have you secured your season tickets for the Chautauqua at Hartford Aug. 7, 8 and 9? If not, you had better get busy. Season tickets only \$1.50. Call or write E. G. Barrass, chairman of the ticket committee.

Mr. W. E. Ellis, the mill man, bought a thousand bushels of wheat a few days ago from Messrs. Guy Rowan and Rowan Cox, of Heflin neighborhood. The wheat was loaded on a barge at Rough river locks and brought to Hartford. It cost Mr. Ellis \$1.05 per bushel, put in his mill here.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook recently purchased and had delivered a carload (132 barrels) of stop from the Glenmore Distilleries Co., of Owensboro, to feed a lot of hogs on his farm near Hartford. The cost laid down is 35 cents per barrel. A barrel of this feed is said to be equal to 1 to 1½ bushels of corn.

Mr. Wm. T. Richardson, Jr., residing near Heflin, at Rough river locks, died Monday morning after several weeks illness of typhoid-malaria. He was a son of Mr. W. T. Richardson, living near Hartford. He leaves a wife and two children. His burial occurred at Pleasant Hope church, McLean county, yesterday morning at 9 o'clock.

The notification will be made at Carnegie Hall, New York City, next Monday evening, July 31, 1916. Mr. Richardson is also invited to attend a reception given by Mr. Hughes at Hotel Astor after the notification exercises.

Wanted—Mixed Rags, \$1 per 100 lbs.; Mixed Scrap Iron, 20¢ per 100 lbs.; Mixed Paper in bundles, 20¢ per 100 lbs.; Copper, Brass, Rubber and Junk at market price. Corn at 5¢ per bushel.

D. L. D. SANDERFUR,
2914 Beaver Dam, Ky.

FEEDS AND POULTRY.

Feed your stock on the best—get best results. Cotton Seed Meal, Crushed Corn, Corn Chops, Northern White Oats (clipped), Bran and Shipstuff, Dixie, Arab, Tankage, Shells and Grit, Distiller's Dried Grains. We and Me keep the best.

3014 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

For Sale—A two-year-old Jersey bull, entitled to register.

2714 J. W. MERCER,
Beaver Dam, Ky., Route 2.

How Is This For Profit?

Mr. O. C. Daniel, Olinton, Route 1, through our Farm Demonstrator, Mr. W. W. Browder, reports a banner yield of \$70 from the wool and lambs off of five ewes this year—\$14 to the ewe. Who can beat this?

2914 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

The Produce Men,

Hartford, Ky.

Note—Cash always paid for Poultry and Eggs.

For Sale.

High grade 5-passenger automobile, in first-class condition. Will sell cheap. For particulars apply to The Herald.

2914 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

The Produce Men,

Supplies always on hand.

Mr. Robert Rowan, wife and daughter, of Heflin; Mr. A. C. Porter and mother and Mr. Foster Bennett and wife, city, dined with Mr. and Mrs. Willard Warriner at Jamaica, N. Y.

Mrs. J. C. Bennett, Union street, last Sunday.

J. Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Cooper at

Glen Ridge, N. J., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Campbell at Bellville, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harper at Atlantic City and Philadelphia. They made the day trip up the Hudson to West Point and with pleasant stopovers in New York City, Washington and Cincinnati.

THAT BLUE MARK

In the little square on your Herald to-day is a personal notification. It means that your subscription is more than a year past due. As to just how you stand, please look at the date opposite your name on The Herald. It shows that your subscription is paid to that date. The amount may be a great deal more than a year. So, we need it that much more, for in this case it should have been paid long ago. Please remember that all subscriptions are actually due in advance, and that we are crediting you from the beginning of each year. It costs much more to run a country newspaper now than it ever did before. The Herald is very cheap at a dollar a year—we may have to raise the price soon, as other papers are doing. We need the money or we would not insist on you paying us by this blue pencil notification. Please do not pass this matter up without noticing the date opposite your name on the little yellow slip. Then kindly let us have what is due—if any.

NOTICE, TOBACCO GROWERS!

Every tobacco grower and every person interested in the growing or selling of tobacco is invited and requested to be present at a meeting to be held at Hartford, Ky., Saturday, July 29th, at 2 p.m. The purpose of said meeting being to discuss as to the disposition, branding and selling of the future crop.

2912 R. H. FORD, Pres't.

(Advertisement)

WANTED.

Middle aged woman as general housekeeper. Apply to Mrs. A. K. ANDERSON, city.

New Grocery.

We have installed a large and complete line of Staple and Fancy Groceries in the Griffin building and are now ready for business. We operate on an absolutely cash basis which accounts for our remarkably low prices. Call, look over our line and inquire about our cut-rate prices.

NELSON'S BLUE FRONT CASH GROCERY,

3014 Hartford, Ky.

Hartford Citizen Complimented.

Mr. M. L. Heavrin is in receipt of and has accepted an invitation from the Republican National Committee to be present at the official notification of Judge Charles Evans Hughes to be the nominee of the Republican party for the Presidency of the United States.

The notification will be made at Carnegie Hall, New York City, next Monday evening, July 31, 1916. Mr. Heavrin is also invited to attend a reception given by Mr. Hughes at Hotel Astor after the notification exercises.

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Feed your stock on the best—get best results. Cotton Seed Meal, Crushed Corn, Corn Chops, Northern White Oats (clipped), Bran and Shipstuff, Dixie, Arab, Tankage, Shells and Grit, Distiller's Dried Grains. We and Me keep the best.

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2714 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Hartford • Herald

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

**MAN WAS TERROR
TO BLIND TIGERS****Double Tragedy Occurs At
Dawson Springs.****THE TOWN MARSHALL IS SLAIN****And His Old Enemy Who Assisted In Arresting Him Is
Shot Down.****FATAL ENDING TO OLD AFFAIR**

Dawson Springs, Ky., July 20.—Late yesterday afternoon the town of Dawson Springs was the scene of the wildest excitement when a double killing took place in the main street in front of Hamby's well. K. Keach and Dick Rodgers were killed.

Dick Rodgers had a warrant sworn out for the arrest of Keach, who was the Town Marshal of Dawson Springs, on the charge of mistreatment when he was arrested about two months ago and was taken to Madisonville by Marshal Keach. It is claimed that Rodgers made threats he was going home and have the warrant sworn out and have himself deputized and he would arrest Keach. Rodgers served his time in jail in Madisonville after pleading guilty to a charge.

Monday Rodgers returned to Dawson Springs and yesterday afternoon W. H. Ferguson, constable, was given the warrant of arrest for Marshal Keach. He deputized Frank Tribble, Dick Rodgers and M. M. Logan, brother of Sheriff Tom Logan, and when Keach was met on the street the warrant was presented, and, it is claimed, Keach resisted arrest.

Rodgers, it is claimed, pulled his pistol, as did Keach, when Rodgers fired. Keach shot and killed Rodgers, the bullet entering near the heart.

At this time, it is claimed, Mack Logan, who had arrived on the scene, reached over a deputy and fired at Keach, shooting him in the back of the head, killing him instantly.

J. D. Biddick, a deputy marshal of Dawson Springs, came to the assistance of Keach and later was arrested on the charge of flourishing a deadly weapon.

Keach had been the marshal of Dawson Springs for several months, and had made every effort to break up the blind tigers in that city. He has had the assistance of the good citizenship and has been highly complimented for the good work he has done there. The citizens of Dawson have been paying Keach a bonus for the efforts he has been making in running the blind tigers from the town.

Rodgers and Keach had some trouble some time ago and Rodgers filed suit against Keach, accusing him of mistreating his sons. Keach saw the boys when they arrived on a train, having in their care a suitcase, and supposing the case had involved in toxicants, attempted to arrest the boys on the charge of bringing toxicants into dry territory. This caused the suit.

When Rodgers was taken to jail in Madisonville he had his hand in a bandage, claiming Keach had hit him, injuring the hand, and while in jail had the hand treated. It is claimed he threatened to have Keach arrested when he left the jail. Last Monday he returned to his home at Dawson Springs.

Coroner Mack Stevens was called to Dawson Springs and held the inquest.

Sheriff Tom Logan, County Attorney G. W. Sybert and other county officials have visited the scene of the killing. J. D. Biddick, the deputy marshal, and Mack Logan were taken to Madisonville, and Logan placed in jail to await the examining trial.

All of the parties in the tragedy are well known in Hopkins county.

Sweet Clover Seed

for summer and early fall sowing, alone, in corn at last cultivation or on stubble land after grain harvest.

**Bokhara Seed Co.,
Falmouth, Pendleton County, Ky.**

When the officers arrived at the court house in Madisonville last night a big crowd was awaiting them.

Logan claims he fired in defense of officers making the arrest.

There is a great deal of sympathy here among the best citizens for Keach and the members of his family. He was generally regarded as one of the best and bravest officers Dawson Springs ever had.

He was a terror to the blind tiger operators, and had practically cleaned up the town. The bootleggers and gamblers had made threats against him, but he apparently did not stand in any awe of them, and paid no attention to their threats.

**HARASSING THE L. & N.
—UNRIGHTEOUS WARFARE**

Milton H. Smith is right when he protests against the investigation of the L. & N.'s political activities by the Interstate Commerce Commission, declaring that such is entirely the result of the personal animus of Senator Luke Lea of Tennessee.

It is not pleasant for an elephant to be annoyed by an ant and we imagine that this is very much the way the head of the Louisville and Nashville feels about Senator Lea's attacks.

Nevertheless, a railroad should not be continually harassed by commissions, federal or State, unless there be a just cause. The L. & N. is, we believe, one of the best conducted roads of the country. Its policy is ultra-conservative. It is absolutely free from high financing, and is reasonably just in its treatment of those with whom it deals. Yet the L. & N. is "called on the carpet" more frequently than almost any other road before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

As to Senator Lea's charges that it takes a pernicious part in Tennessee and Alabama politics, we, of course, have no accurate knowledge. However, if all of Senator Lea's statements are on a parity with his charge that the L. & N. spent a large amount of money to defeat Stanley for Governor, they discredit themselves. Before making such a declaration the Senator should have noticed that the Fifth district, which frequently goes Republican (and where the L. & N. vote is massed) gave Stanley 4,100 majority over Morrow. [Elizabethtown News.]

**HUGHES WILL OPEN HIS
CAMPAIGN ON AUGUST 7**

RAILROAD WAGES

Shall they be determined by Industrial Warfare or Federal Inquiry?

To the American Public:

Do you believe in arbitration or industrial warfare?

The train employees on all the railroads are voting whether they will give their leaders authority to tie up the commerce of the country to enforce their demands for a 100 million dollar wage increase.

The railroads are in the public service—your service. This army of employees is in the public service—your service.

You pay for rail transportation 3 billion dollars a year, and 44 cents out of every dollar from you goes to the employees.

On all the Southern railroads in 1915, seventy-five percent of the train employees earned these wages (lowest, highest and average of all) as shown by the payrolls—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers.	\$1972 3810	\$2306 \$1455 3505	\$1916 \$1156 2424
Conductors	1552 2696	1847 1353 2358	1055 1245 1749
Firemen .	943 1652	1209 1638	649 979 406 777
Brakemen.	957 1736	1109 1854	755 958 754 990

The average yearly wage payments to all Southern train employees (including those who worked only part of the year) as shown by the 1915 payrolls were—

	Passenger	Freight	Yard
Engineers.	\$2144	\$1712	\$1313
Conductors	1723	1488	1157
Firemen	1096	865	688
Brakemen.	1013	845	868

A 100 million dollar wage increase for men in freight and yard service (less than one-fifth of all employees) is equal to a 5 percent advance in all freight rates.

The managers of the railroads, as trustees for the public, have no right to place this burden on the cost of transportation to you without a clear mandate from a public tribunal speaking for you.

The railroads have proposed the settlement of this controversy either under the existing national arbitration law, or by reference to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This offer has been refused by the employees' representatives.

Shall a nation-wide strike or an investigation under the Government determine this issue?

National Conference Committee of the Railways

ELISHA LEE, Chairman.
P. R. ALBRIGHT, Gen'l Manager,
Atlantic Coast Line Railroad.
L. W. BALDWIN, Gen'l Manager,
Central of Georgia Railway.
C. L. BARDO, Gen'l Manager,
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
E. H. COOKE, Vice-President,
Southern Railway.
S. E. COTTER, Gen'l Manager,
Wabash Railway.
P. E. CROWLEY, Ass't Vice-President,
New York Central Railroad.
G. E. EWING, Gen'l Manager,
Great Northern Railway.
C. H. EWING, Gen'l Manager,
Philadelphia & Reading Railway.
E. W. GRICE, Ass't to President,
Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.

(Advertisement)

FABULOUS GROWTH OF OUR EXPORT TRADE

Value Of Same Last Twelve Months Exceeds Four Billion Dollars.

Washington, July 20.—The country's foreign trade during the fiscal year ending last month reached a total of \$6,525,000,000, exceeding by many millions all previous records, according to preliminary figures announced here by the Commerce Department. Exports were valued at \$4,345,000,000, and imports at \$2,180,000,000. The figures are based on complete returns for the first 11 months of the year and estimates for June.

The war munitions trade was the predominating factor in establishing the new exports record. Iron and steel exports jumped from \$226,000,000 in the previous fiscal year to \$618,000,000, and explosives from \$41,000,000 to \$473,000,000. In

1914 the explosives exported amounted to only \$6,000,000.

Raw cotton exported during the fiscal year was valued at \$370,000,000, compared to \$376,000,000 the year previous; wheat and flour \$314,000,000, compared to \$428,000,000; meats \$270,000,000, compared to \$206,000,000; copper manufactures \$170,000,000, compared to \$100,000,000; mineral oils \$165,000,000, compared to \$124,000,000; brass and manufactures \$126,000,000, compared to \$21,000,000; automobiles and parts \$123,000,000, compared to \$68,000,000; chemicals \$123,000,000, compared to \$46,000,000; cotton manufactures \$112,000,000, compared to \$72,000,000.

Principal imports were: Sugar, \$206,000,000, compared to \$174,000,000 in the fiscal year 1915; rubber and its substitutes \$150,000,000, compared to \$87,000,000; hides and skins \$157,000,000, compared to \$104,000,000; raw wool \$145,000,000, compared to \$68,000,000; raw silk \$122,000,000, compared to \$81,000,000; coffee \$117,000,000, compared to \$107,000,000, and chemicals and drugs \$108,000,000, compared to \$84,000,000.

National Defense and International Peace

Preparedness and Peace and the Engineer

HE United States desires peace, based on justice and maintained with honor. But to insure this kind of peace Americans must know that nations are now defended not alone by fighting men, but by fighting industries.

The Engineers of this country, trained as only American Engineers are trained, hold that truth to be as fundamental as the law of gravity. With the authority of the United States Government more than 30,000 Engineers and Chemists, members of five eminent American scientific bodies, are making for the first time in the history of the Government a minute, sweeping survey of the industrial resources of America. They will go to the factories and mines of the land and with their sole method, efficiency, and their sole motive, patriotism, form a vast, flexible organization, such as the world has never known.

Their work will be the basis for creating in this country a true line of defense in time of war—the ability to produce swiftly, abundantly and with sustained power all the thousand and one elements of modern warfare. Without such production there can be no efficient army and navy.

Military Preparedness wins the battle. But *Industrial Preparedness* wins the WAR! Industrial Preparedness involves no huge expenses. Only the KNOWLEDGE of what American Industry can do. To KNOW the extent of each plant, the equipment of each shop, the capacity of each machine, the ability of each man. THAT is the essence of Industrial Preparedness. That is the task to which thirty thousand Engineers are pledged.

The Engineers' work will lay for all time the ghost of the "munitions trust" by making it possible to have munitions made in thousands of plants.

This vital work of the Engineers will supply the military authorities in Washington with information never before collected, and it is carried forward without a dollar's cost to the Government. And this advertisement is not paid for. The Associated Advertising Clubs of the World have prepared the copy and the publishers have patriotically responded and printed it without pay for the sake of National Defense and International Peace.

All Americans are asked to strike hands with the Engineers in that America shall learn how to raise up an impregnable wall of defense against a day of trial.

COMMITTEE ON INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS OF THE NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD OF THE UNITED STATES

in co-operation with
The American Society of Civil Engineers
The American Society of Mechanical Engineers
The American Institute of Mining Engineers
The American Electrical Engineers
Engineering Societies Building
29 West 39th Street, New York

TANLAC ROMANCE NOW FULLY TOLD

Its Launching and What Inspired It Is at Last Explained.

"Every few years someone suggests something that will tend to better our condition, whether it may pertain to our business, our knowledge, convenience, or health, or our social state," declared L. T. Cooper recently.

"It has been my pleasure to offer Tanlac to the world," he continued. "I presented Tanlac on its merits, knowing full well that it would prove satisfactory if properly tested.

"Confident as I was of the reception Tanlac would receive, I confess I was hardly prepared for the wonderful popularity into which it at once sprang. When it is considered that just nine months to the day after Tanlac was announced, one million bottles had been sold, it can be understood that when the story of Tanlac is called a romance of the business world it is quite true.

"Tanlac appeals particularly to the best people everywhere—people who are able to judge carefully and to render a just opinion of its merits. Upon the thousands of endorsements of such men and women Tanlac's astonishing success has been based. Great as is the demand for Tanlac now, I really feel that the country, as a whole, is only just awakening to it.

"Tanlac, which is the joint product of Herr Joseph Von Trimbach, the noted German chemist and myself, I believe the most effective remedy known for ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys and for catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes.

"It is compounded of roots, herbs, barks and flowers, many of which come from remote parts of the world, and it is free from the mineral taint feared by many persons.

"I have no doubt that Tanlac will be as successful in your city as it has in every other in which it has been introduced."

Tanlac now may be obtained in Hartford at the Ohio County Drug Co., where it is fully explained.

Tanlac may be obtained in the following nearby towns: Beaver Dam, Z. Wilbur Mitchell; Centertown, L. C. Morton & Son; McHenry, Williams Coal Co.; Ceralvo, C. R. Fulkerson; Cromwell, Wallace & Porter; Banock, Cook & Co.; Rockport, Harrell Bros.; Nelson, Nelson Creek Coal Co.; Livermore, J. F. Smith; Island, A. R. Pollock; Dundee, C. C. King; Fordsville, J. D. Cooper; Olaton, J. B. Canan. Advertisement

A Comparison of Candidates.
Such a comparison leads to the conclusion that Mr. Wilson is far and away Mr. Hughes' superior in that "control" of the legislative branch which comes from personal experience and actual achievement. Mr. Hughes, when Governor of New York, was much of the time in bitter conflict with his party in the Legislature, and at no one session did he make the record in legisla-

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. A. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and relieves Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Fine Monumental Work



We have the largest, finest and best equipped Monumental Works in whole Western Kentucky.

Carving and Lettering with pneumatic tools.

An "up-to-the-minute" equipment for fine Monumental work.

Thirty-seven years of honest business reputation and experience is back of every Monument that is sold by us. Remember there is only one Geo. Mischel & Sons in Owensboro and that is on East Main Street, Owensboro, Ky.

Get our prices before placing orders elsewhere.

Geo. Mischel & Sons, Owensboro, Ky.

INCORPORATED.

Life and Farm Insurance!

SE

S. P. McKinney & Son,

BEAVER DAM, KY.

District managers for the Mutual Benefit of Newark, N. J., which is one of the oldest Mutual Companies doing business in this State.

They will also insure your property in old and well established companies doing business in this State. The best is none too good. When in need of life or fire insurance call them over either phone—the Cumberland or Home. Office in rear of R. T. Taylor's drug store, Beaver Dam.

38 St

KENTUCKY

Light and Power Company

(INCORPORATED)

E. G. Barrass Mgr.,
Hartford, Ky.

Will wire your house at cost. Electric Lights are clean, healthy and safe. No home or business house should be without them when within reach.

Study Music in a University City

Study music in the atmosphere of culture and in ideal surroundings. Lexington, Ky., is the seat of culture, the university city—the city of ideal environments that are incentives to the highest idealism. So situated, the Lexington College of Music with its faculty of distinguished instructors in voice, piano, violin and other string instruments, brass instruments, theory, harmony, composition, teacher's training, public school music, dramatic art and painting, affords rare advantages to the music student. Degrees conferred. Positions guaranteed. Terms and board reasonable. Summer term begins June 12. Fall term September 11. Write for catalogue.

Lexington College of Music Miss Anna Chandler Goff, Director 441 W. Second St., LEXINGTON, KY.

The Herald---Only \$1.00 a Year
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